

# Virginia Healthcare Workforce Briefs

Indicators from the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Current Employment Statistics Survey

Series 2: Regional & Sectoral Employment

Series 2, Issue 89 August 2019

# Regional Employment Growth 2 Regional HC&SA Share 3 Subsector Employment Growth 3 Subsector HC&SA Share 4 Region Map 5 About the Data 6

Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Self-employed persons, including health professionals in private practice, are not included.

# **Highlights**

- Data in this series are not seasonally adjusted and exhibit short-term volatility from fluctuations in holidays, weekends, weather and other seasonal factors. Estimates for the most recent month are preliminary.
- ♦ Employment in Virginia's Health Care & Social Assistance (HC&SA) sector fell by 500 in July. This decline translates into a one-month annualized employment growth rate of −1.3%. Despite this month's job loss, Virginia has increased HC&SA employment at a 3.8% annualized rate over the past three months.
- With 600 new HC&SA jobs created in July, Richmond has now increased HC&SA employment in each of the past four months. Hampton Roads increased HC&SA employment as well with the addition of 100 jobs. However, Northern Virginia's HC&SA sector lost 1,200 jobs, while the Rest of Virginia experienced no employment change.
- ♦ Nursing & Residential Care Facilities created 600 new jobs in July, a gain that translates into a 9.3% annualized growth rate. At the same time, Hospitals increased employment by 100 during the month. However, Social Assistance lost 1,100 jobs in July, and Ambulatory Health Care Services saw employment fall by 100.

## Data in Brief

	Employment, in Thousands			Growth Rate, Annualized			
Not Seasonally Adjusted*	July 2018	Apr. 2019	June 2019	July 2019	12 Month	3 Month	1 Month
Virginia							
Total Nonfarm	4,013.8	4,038.6	4,064.2	4,044.9	0.8%	0.6%	-5.6%
Health Care & Social Assistance	446.7	449.6	454.3	453.8	1.6%	3.8%	-1.3%
Hampton Roads							
Total Nonfarm	798.4	793.7	810.1	808.2	1.2%	7.5%	-2.8%
Health Care & Social Assistance	95.8	95.3	94.6	94.7	-1.1%	-2.5%	1.3%
Northern Virginia							
Total Nonfarm	1,495.2	1,506.0	1,521.8	1,508.7	0.9%	0.7%	-9.9%
Health Care & Social Assistance	134.2	134.4	135.6	134.4	0.1%	0.0%	-10.1%
Richmond							
Total Nonfarm	681.2	683.7	690.2	692.0	1.6%	4.9%	3.2%
Health Care & Social Assistance	86.1	86.4	88.7	89.3	3.7%	14.1%	8.4%
Rest of Virginia							
Total Nonfarm	1,039.0	1,055.2	1,042.1	1,036.0	-0.3%	-7.1%	-6.8%
Health Care & Social Assistance	130.6	133.5	135.4	135.4	3.7%	5.8%	0.0%

Preliminary estimates are italicized

<sup>\*</sup>Seasonally adjusted data are adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to account for weather and other seasonal changes. Since the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics does not provide seasonally adjusted data at this level, this series uses **non**-seasonally adjusted data exclusively. Seasonal variation may account for some of the variation in time series data. When comparing data in this series to other HWDC series or other publications it is important to note whether the data reported have been seasonally adjusted.

#### Regional HC&SA Employment Growth, Level

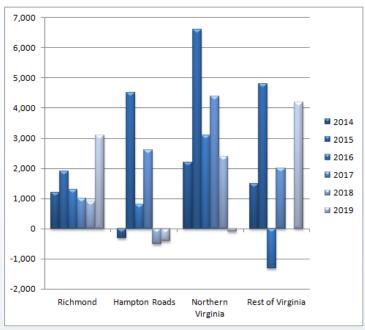


Figure 1: Annual & YTD Change in HC&SA Regional Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted, Full-Year Change for 2014-2018, Jan.-July for 2019).

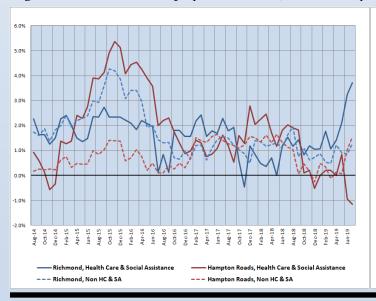
According to data released on Friday, August 16, 2019, by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Virginia's Health Care & Social Assistance (HC&SA) sector lost 500 jobs in July, a result that represents a one-month annualized employment growth rate of –1.3%. Regardless, employment in Virginia's HC&SA sector has grown at a 3.8% annualized rate over the past three months thanks to strong job growth in both May and June.

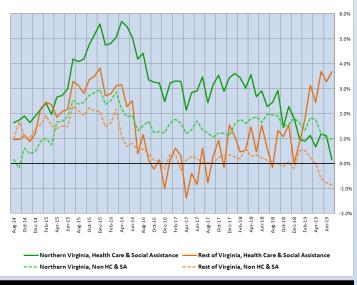
Richmond's HC&SA sector increased employment for the fourth consecutive month after creating 600 new jobs in July, a gain that translates into an 8.4% annualized growth rate. This strong employment growth since April has helped to reverse Richmond's HC&SA job losses from Q1 2019. In fact, Richmond has now created 3,100 jobs this year. Hampton Roads enjoyed a small employment gain in July with the creation of 100 new HC&SA jobs during the month. However, these employment gains were erased by the loss of 1,200 HC&SA jobs in Northern Virginia. Finally, the Rest of Virginia experienced no HC&SA employment change in July.

#### Year-Over-Year Regional Employment Growth

Richmond's year-over-year HC&SA employment growth rate continued its rapid ascent in July, increasing from 3.26% to 3.72% during the month. With this increase, Richmond has overtaken the Rest of Virginia as the fastest growing region in the state in terms of year-over-year HC&SA employment growth. At the same time, the year-over-year HC&SA employment growth rate in the Rest of Virginia increased in July from 3.28% to 3.68%. Northern Virginia's HC&SA sector experienced a significant drop in its year-over-year growth rate from 1.12% to 0.15% in July, while Hampton Roads saw its own growth rate fall from -0.94% to -1.15% during the month.

Figure 2: Year-Over-Year Employment Growth (Not Seasonally Adjusted).

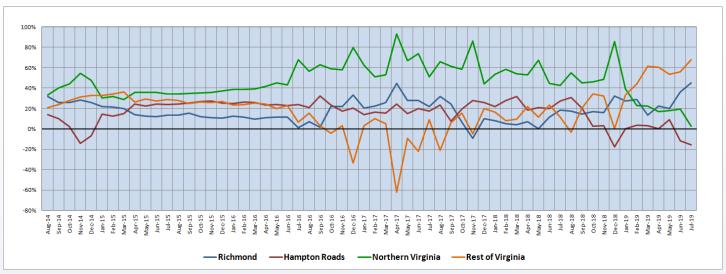




Series 2, Issue 89

#### Regional Share of 12-Month Growth

Figure 3: Regional Share of Previous 12-Month Employment Growth in Virginia's HC&SA Sector, Not Seasonally Adjusted.



While Richmond has the highest year-over-year HC&SA employment growth rate in the state, the Rest of Virginia remains responsible for most statewide HC&SA employment growth over the previous 12 months. In July, the Rest of Virginia saw its 12-month HC&SA employment growth share increase from 55.84% to 67.61%. At the same time, Richmond experienced an increase in its own 12-month HC&SA employment growth share from 36.36% to 45.07%. Thanks to these gains, both of these regions are currently enjoying their highest respective 12-month HC&SA employment growth shares so far this year. Meanwhile, Northern Virginia saw its own 12-month HC&SA employment growth share fall from 19.48% to 2.82%. As for Hampton Roads, its 12-month HC&SA employment growth share fell from -11.69% to -15.49%.

# Subsector Employment Growth

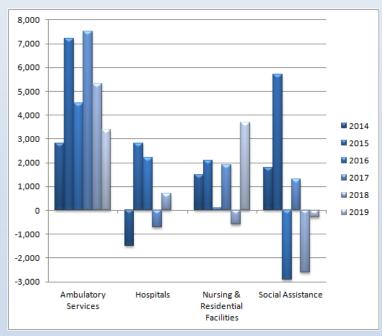


Figure 4: Annual & YTD Change in HC&SA Subsector Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted, Full-Year Change for 2014-2018, Jan.-July for 2019).

For the third consecutive month, Nursing & Residential Care Facilities enjoyed strong employment growth. After increasing employment by 2,800 over the previous two months, Virginia's Nursing & Residential Care Facilities subsector created an additional 600 HC&SA jobs in July. With this gain, Nursing & Residential Care Facilities has created 3,700 new jobs so far this year. As Ambulatory Health Care Services lost 100 jobs in July, Nursing & Residential Care Facilities has now become the single largest contributor to year-to-date HC&SA employment growth in the state.

Nursing & Residential Facilities and Ambulatory Health Care Services have been responsible for the entirety of all HC&SA employment growth in the state in 2019. Although Hospitals created 100 new jobs in July, this HC&SA subsector has experienced no year-to-date employment change. Finally, Social Assistance lost 1,100 jobs during the month. With this decline, employment in Virginia's Social Assistance subsector has fallen by 300 so far this year.

# Distribution of Growth by Subsector

	Employment, in Thousands				Growth Rate, Annualized		
Not Seasonally Adjusted	July 2018	Apr. 2019	June 2019	July 2019	12 Month	3 Month	1 Month
Virginia							
Health Care & Social Assistance	446.7	449.6	454.3	453.8	1.6%	3.8%	-1.3%
Ambulatory Health Care Services	187.2	190.5	192.5	192.4	2.8%	4.0%	-0.6%
Hospitals	105.9	106.2	106.3	106.4	0.5%	0.8%	1.1%
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	77.7	77.9	80.7	81.3	4.6%	18.6%	9.3%
Social Assistance	75.9	75.0	74.8	73.7	-2.9%	-6.8%	-16.3%
Hampton Roads							
Health Care & Social Assistance	95.8	95.3	94.6	94.7	-1.1%	-2.5%	1.3%
Hospitals	22.5	22.4	22.4	22.2	-1.3%	-3.5%	-10.2%
Northern Virginia							
Health Care & Social Assistance	134.2	134.4	135.6	134.4	0.1%	0.0%	-10.1%
Ambulatory Health Care Services	65.7	66.2	67.1	66.5	1.2%	1.8%	-10.2%
Hospitals	25.3	25.7	25.7	25.7	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%

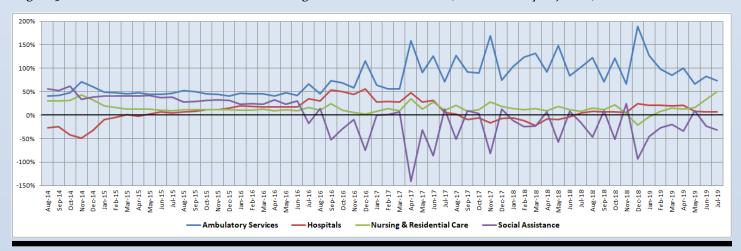
Preliminary estimates are italicized

Despite overall statewide HC&SA employment losses in July, Nursing & Residential Care Facilities still created jobs at a 9.3% annualized rate during the month. In addition, employment in this subsector has grown by an even more impressive 18.6% annualized rate over the past three months. Nursing & Residential Care Facilities also continues to enjoy the fastest 12-month employment growth rate in the state at 4.6%, which is nearly three times the statewide HC&SA average of 1.6%. As in the previous month, Ambulatory Health Care Services remains the only other HC&SA subsector with relatively strong long-term employment growth with three- and 12-month employment growth rates of 4.0% and 2.8%, respectively.

#### Share of 12-Month Growth by Subsector

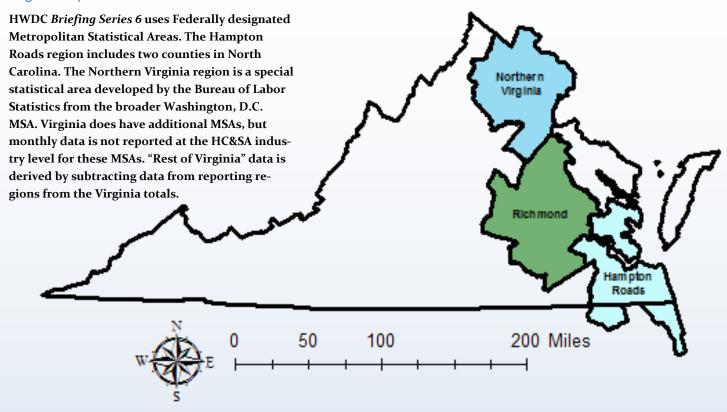
Over the course of this year, Nursing & Residential Care Facilities has become a major contributor to statewide HC&SA employment growth. In fact, the 12-month HC&SA employment growth share of this subsector reached its highest level in more than five years, increasing from 33.77% to 50.70% in July. Regardless, Ambulatory Health Care Services still retains the highest 12-month HC&SA employment growth share in the state at 73.24%. Meanwhile, Hospitals experienced a small uptick in its 12-month HC&SA employment growth share in July from 6.49% to 7.04%. As for Social Assistance, its 12-month HC&SA employment growth share fell from -23.38% to -30.99%.

Figure 5: Share of Previous 12-Month Growth in Virginia's HC&SA Subsectors (Not Seasonally Adjusted).



Series 2, Issue 89

# **Region Map**



# **Region Detail**

#### Northern Virginia

Northern VA, (Non-standard CES Area 94783)

Counties:	Cities:
Arlington	Alexandria
Clarke	Fairfax
Culpeper	Falls Church
Fairfax	Fredericksburg
Fauquier	Manassas
Loudoun	Manassas Park
Prince William	
Rappahannock	
Spotsylvania	
Stafford	
Warren	

# Richmond

Richmond, VA (MSA 40060)

		11003, 171 110	(1110/14/200)
Counties:	Cities:	Counties:	Cities:
Amelia	Colonial Heights	Gloucester	Chesapeake
Caroline	Hopewell	Isle of Wight	Hampton
Charles City Chesterfield	Petersburg	James City	Newport News
Dinwiddie	Richmond	Mathews	Norfolk
Goochland		Surry York	Poquoson
Hanover		TOTA	Portsmouth
Henrico		Currituck, NC	Suffolk Virginia Beach
King William		Gates, NC	Williamsburg
New Kent			
Powhatan			
Prince George			
Sussex			

#### **Hampton Roads**

Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC (MSA 47260)



# Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Perimeter Center 9960 Mayland Drive, Suite 300 Henrico, VA 23233-1463

Phone: (804) 367-2115 Fax: (804) 527-4434

E-mail: hwdc@dhp.virginia.gov

www.dhp.virginia.gov/hwdc/

HWDC Staff:

Elizabeth Carter, PhD Executive Director Yetty Shobo, PhD Deputy Director

Laura Jackson, MSHSA

Operations Manager

Rajana Siva, MBA Research Analyst

Christopher Coyle Research Assistant

Follow us on. . .

About the Data

Tumblr: <a href="http://vahwdc.tumblr.com/">http://vahwdc.tumblr.com/</a>

The Department of Health Professions Healthcare Workforce Data Center works to improve the data collection and measurement of Virginia's healthcare workforce through regular assessment of workforce supply and demand issues among the 80 professions and 350,000 practitioners licensed in Virginia by DHP.

The HWDC collects data on Virginia's licensed health professionals through surveys completed during the online license renewal and application process. Survey results and data may be accessed on our website: www.dhp.virginia.gov/hwdc/.

The HWDC also provides a series of Virginia Healthcare Workforce Briefs based data collected by the US Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics and the US Department of Commerce' Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Virginia Healthcare Workforce Briefs:

Series 1: State & National Employment (Monthly)

Series 2: Virginia Regional Employment (Monthly)

Series 3: Income & Compensation (Quarterly)

# underlying trends. Data from recent months is preliminary and subject to revision in future releases from the CES. Revi-

**Includes:** 

- Data on employed individuals drawing a paycheck (payroll employees).
- All employees, regardless of role, occupation or hours worked.
- HC&SA employees in the private sector only.
- Persons employed by health professionals in private practice.
- Both government and private sector workers in nonfarm employment data.

#### Does not include:

Data in this report are from the US Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics' Current Employment Statistics program. The CES program surveys about 143,000 businesses and government agencies monthly. Unless otherwise noted, this series uses data that are not seasonally adjusted. Seasonal variations related to weather, holidays, weekends, seasons and other predictable variations are apparent in the data. Short-term changes may be related to seasonal changes rather than

sions will be reported in future editions of this series. Unless otherwise noted, the CES data presented in this series:

- Self-employed workers or volunteers, including health professionals in private practice.
- HC&SA employees in the public sector. (These are counted as government workers in monthly reports).
- Information on hours worked or the quality of employment.
- Government workers in HC&SA level data.
   (Government workers, regardless of occupation and role, are classified as public sector employees).